COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>	Exhibits
Certificate of Board	3	
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Reports:		
Report on Basic Financial Statements	4	
Report on Compliance and Internal Controls (Government Auditing Standards)	6	
Report on Compliance and Internal Controls (Uniform Guidance)	8	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	10	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	15	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Assets	24	A-1
Statement of Activities	25	B-1
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	26	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	20	0 1
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	27	C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	28	C-3
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	29	C-4
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	30	E-1
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	31	F-1
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	55	G-1
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	56	G-2
Schedule of District Contributions	57	G-3
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	58	G-4
Other Supplementary Information Section:		
Cahadula of Dalinguant Tayon Danniyahla	60	1.4
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes ReceivableBudgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agency:	60	J-1
School Breakfast and National School Lunch Program	61	J-3
Debt Service	62	J-4
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators	63	J-5
FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	65	K-1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	66	K-2

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Commerce Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Hunt</u> County	116-903 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditout approved for the trustees of such school district on	year ended June 30, 2017,	ed school district was reviewed and at a meeting of the board of school
Signature of Board Secretary	Karful Signatu	ure of Board President

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attached list if necessary):

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street	Greenville, Texas 75401	(903) 455-6252	Fax (903) 455-6667
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S F	REPORT	

Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditor's Report – Continued

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Butharford, Taylor & Cayang PL

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 8, 2017 Greenville, Texas

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street

Greenville, Texas 75401

(903) 455-6252

Fax (903) 455-6667

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is presented in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-1.

Report on Internal Control - Continued

Rutherford, Taylor & Conjung?

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 8, 2017 Greenville, Texas

7

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street

Greenville, Texas 75401

(903) 455-6252

Fax (903) 455-6667

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Commerce Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and

report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 8, 2017 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Cayang PL

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements -

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:
Material Weaknesses identified None
Significant deficiencies identified that are
not considered to be material weaknesses

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance No

Identification of Major Programs Special Education Cluster:

IDEA-B Formula (84.027) IDEA-B Preschool (84.173)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and B programs \$ 750,000

Entity qualifies as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entity Texas Department of Education

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Financial Statement Findings (Section II)

2017 – 1 Expenditures over Appropriations

Criteria: Texas Education Code, Section 44.002 through 44.006 establishes the legal basis for

budget development in school districts. No funds may be expended in any manner other than as provided in the adopted budget. The Texas Education Agency has adopted

regulations that require compliance at the functional expenditure level.

Condition Found: The District overexpended functional expenditure categories during the year and at the

year end.

Questioned Costs/Basis: None

Instances/Universe: Expenditures of the legally required budgeted funds are distributed into nineteen

functional expenditure categories. The District overexpended six of the functional

categories.

Effect: The District appears to not have been in compliance with Texas Education Code, Section

44.002 through 44.006.

Recommendation: The District should begin a monthly review of functional categories and anticipate

necessary amendments. Management should bring these amendments to the board and request approval for authority to change the budget. Once approved all amendments should be posted to the general ledger to ensure compliance with state

statutes.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NONE

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)

2016-1

Expenditures over Appropriations

The District continues to have expenditure accounts that exceed functional category classifications. The monthly review of budget activity has reduced the amount of overages. However, year end payables and salary accruals created overages in the current year.

Status: In Progress

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Corrective Action Plan (Section V)

2017 – 1 Expenditures over Appropriations

The District will continue to monitor and amend the budget where and when needed. A monthly review process has been implemented to ensure budget amendments are made timely to allow for authorized expenditures. Extra emphasis will be made to ensure year end expenditures (accounts payable) are accurately reflected in the financial records.

The District's Board authorized the refunding of outstanding debt. However the authorization did not include amending the budget for that action. This refunding caused the budget to be exceeded for debt issuance costs. Future debt refundings will include language to amend the budget when appropriate.

Contact Person: John Walker, Director of Finance

This section of Commerce Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

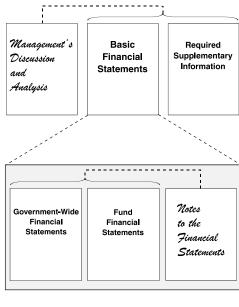
- The District's total combined net position was \$ 1,165,093 at June 30, 2017.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 299,686 less than the \$ 20,611,786 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs was increased \$632,929 from the prior year amounts.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 5,610,125.
- The District executed lease agreements for equipment and refunded outstanding bonds to provide reduced interest over the life of the debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question Summary belong.



Summary Detail

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fund Statements Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope		The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus		Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for
 ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's
 fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from
 the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its
 operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net assets were \$ 1,165,093 at June 30, 2017.

					Table A-1
Commerce Independer	nt Schoo	ol District's N	let l	Position	
					Total
		Govern	ntal	Percentage	
		Activ	ities	3	Change
		2017		2016	2016-2017
Assets					
Cash and Investments	\$	4,796,001	\$	7,020,211	-31.68%
Other Assets		5,064,149		4,734,236	6.97%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		25,191,325		24,567,855	2.54%
Total Assets	\$	35,051,475	\$	36,322,302	-3.50%
Total Deferred Net Outflows of Resources:	\$	2,437,749	\$	2,447,737	-0.41%
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	\$	1,889,652	\$	2,693,807	-29.85%
Long-term Liabilities		34,162,797		34,916,851	-2.16%
Total Liabilities	\$	36,052,449	\$	37,610,658	-4.14%
Total Deferred Net Inflows of Resources:	\$	271,682	\$	293,976	-7.58%
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	(4,766,948)	\$	(5,694,464)	-16.29%
Restricted		1,925,446		1,780,213	8.16%
Unrestricted		4,006,595		4,779,656	-16.17%
Total Net Position	\$	1,165,093	\$	865,405	34.63%

Approximately \$883,697 of the District's restricted net assets represent funds collected for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for retirement of tax supported debt. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

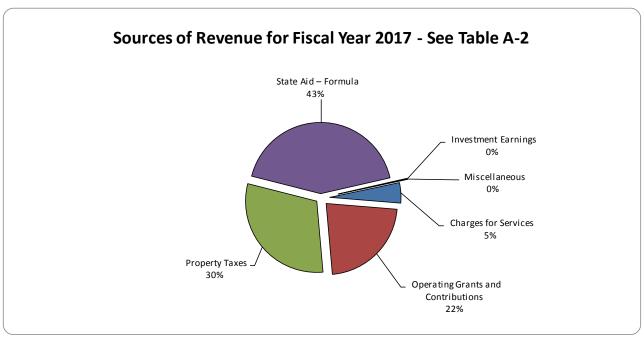
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

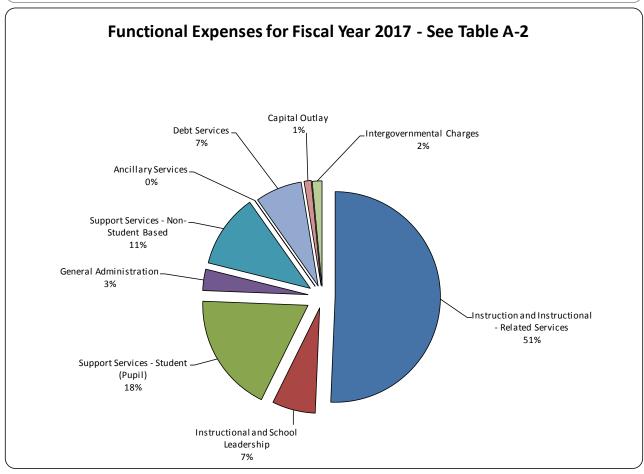
The District's total revenues were \$ 20,611,786. 30% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 65% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 5% relates to charges for services and other sources including investment earnings.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 20,312,100. 51% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related student services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 98.32%. The total collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 100.12%.

Changes in Commerce Independe	nt Sabaal F	Notriot's Not	Doc	vition	Table A-2
Changes in Commerce Independe	nt School L	Govern Activ	Total Percentage Change		
		2017	ritios	2016	2016 - 2017
Program Revenues:		2017		2010	2010 2017
Charges for Services	\$	954,594	\$	892,443	6.96%
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ψ	4,596,929	Ψ	4,807,351	-4.38%
General Revenues:		4,000,020		4,007,001	4.0070
Property Taxes		6,256,988		6,182,234	1.21%
State Aid – Formula		8,755,625		8,509,559	2.89%
Investment Earnings		27,638		31,207	-11.44%
Miscellaneous		20,012		108,648	-81.58%
Total Revenues		20,012	\$		0.39%
rotal Revenues	<u> </u>	20,011,700	Ф	20,531,442	0.39%
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$	9,793,329	\$	9,584,485	2.18%
Instructional Resources and Media Services		132,124		110,455	19.62%
Curriculum and Staff Development		366,668		379,123	-3.29%
Instructional Leadership		365,861		341,447	7.15%
School Leadership		983,251		989,790	-0.66%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,443,199		1,407,263	2.55%
Social Work Services		730		137	432.85%
Health Services		149,957		172,967	-13.30%
Student (Pupil) Transportation		608,330		663,099	-8.26%
Food Services		828,863		857,218	-3.31%
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities		687,577		665,662	3.29%
General Administration		664,925		733,278	-9.32%
Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,771,215		1,705,215	3.87%
Security and Monitoring Services		99,907		109,718	-8.94%
Data Processing Services		433,082		591,424	-26.77%
Debt Service		1,457,577		1,034,806	40.86%
Capital Outlay		221,250		30,947	614.93%
Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		171,929		168,236	2.20%
Other Intergovernmental Charges		132,326		133,901	-1.18%
Total Expenses	\$	20,312,100	\$	19,679,171	3.22%
Excess (Deficiency) and Transfers	\$	299,686	\$	852,271	-64.84%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	299,686	\$	852,271	-64.84%
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		865,407		13,136	6488.06%
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	1,165,093	\$	865,407	34.63%





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 20,312,100.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through local property taxes was only \$6,256,988.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 954,594, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 4,596,929.

Commerce Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions											
		Total Cost of Services			%	ı	Net Cost of	f Se	ervices	%	
		2017		2016	Change		2017		2016	Change	
Instruction	\$	9,793,329	\$	9,584,485	2.18%	\$ 7	,047,247	\$	7,107,855	-0.85%	
School Leadership		983,251		989,790	-0.66%		932,427		941,507	-0.96%	
Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,771,215		1,705,215	3.87%	1	,739,281		1,600,885	8.64%	
Debt Service		1,457,577		1,034,806	40.86%		893,195		532,072	67.87%	
General Administration		664,925		733,278	-9.32%		599,306		627,274	-4.46%	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$20,491,910 which is a \$270,490 increase from the prior year. The increase is representative of the state's increase in foundation aid for the current biennium.

Expenditures for governmental fund types totaled \$ 21,779,470 which is a \$ 707,581 decrease from the prior year. The decrease reflects typical cost of operation and economic adjustments to operating costs as well as reduced facility upgrades and improvements from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$645,044 above final General Fund budget amounts. The most significant negative variance resulted from delayed capital projects that carried over into the current year.

Resources available were \$ 10,172 below the final General Fund budgeted amount. The unfavorable variance was the result of less than anticipated state revenues due to enrollment and attendance numbers.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year end, the District had invested \$50,386,109 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

0		S. (. (. (•4 . •	A	Table A-4
Commerce Independent Sch	1001	District's Cap	ıtaı	Assets	Total
					Percentage
		Government	al A	ctivities	Change
		2017		2016	2016-2017
Land	\$	312,850	\$	312,850	0.00%
Construction in Progress		4,384,171		2,992,526	46.50%
Buildings and Improvements		42,247,277		41,846,360	0.96%
Vehicles		2,001,108		1,995,308	0.29%
Equipment		1,440,703		1,241,681	16.03%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	50,386,109	\$	48,388,725	4.13%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(25,194,784)		(23,820,870)	5.77%
Net Capital Assets	\$	25,191,325	\$	24,567,855	2.54%

DEBT

At year end, the District had \$ 30,137,779 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Bond Ratings -

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Commerce Independent School District's Debt									
					Total				
					Percentage				
		Governmental Activities							
		2017		2016	2016-2017				
Bonds Payable	\$	24,425,000	\$	25,580,000	-4.52%				
Capital Leases Payable		4,499,169		4,724,385	-4.77%				
Other Debt Payable		1,213,610		662,853	83.09%				
Total Debt Payable	\$	30,137,779	\$	30,967,238	-2.68%				

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has dropped significantly due to vacated commercial property and foreclosures. Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$ 1.04 for maintenance and operations. The state funding formula was changed to provide state funds to replace the lost local property tax revenue. The District's taxpayers approved a tax ratification election which allows the District to levy an additional 0.13 cents in property taxes. These additional tax funds are used to support the educational programs in the District. This change in funding and other legislative changes could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be relatively slow, as indicated by a drop in property values during the previous 10 year period. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2017-2018 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

A challenge to the State's funding system resulted in the system being held constitutional. Future legislative sessions could produce minor changes to funding for student populations. The legal process ended the challenges by the various interested parties including the State. State funding will continue under the present system until legislative changes occur.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact John Walker, Director of Finance of the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

1

Data		·
Control		Governmental
Codes	_	Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 4,796,001
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	676,536
1240	Due from Other Governments	4,297,097
1290	Other Receivables, Net	42,245
1300	Inventories	43,769
1410	Unrealized Expenses	4,502
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	312,850
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	21,347,444
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	550,805
1580	Construction in Progress	2,980,226
1000	Total Assets	\$ 35,051,475
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refunding	\$ 1,056,561
1701	Deferred Outflows - Returning Deferred Outflows - Pensions	\$ 1,056,561 1,381,188
1700	Deletica Cathows 1 Chistoris	1,001,100
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,437,749
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 117,834
2140	Interest Payable	410,482
2165	Accrued Liabilities	1,338,320
2300	Unearned Revenues	23,016
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due within one year	1,296,648
2502	Due in more than one year	28,841,131
2540	Net Pension Liability	4,025,018
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 36,052,449
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$ 271,682
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 271,682
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (4,766,948)
	Restricted For:	. (,, = 5,5 = 5,
3850	Debt Service	883,697
3890	Other Purposes	1,041,749
3900	Unrestricted	4,006,595
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 1,165,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense)

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1 3 4 6

					Program R	evenu	es	R	evenue and anges in Net Position	
Data						(Operating			
Control				C	harges for	G	Grants and			
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities	
	Governmental Activities:									
11	Instruction	\$	9,793,329	\$	759,197	\$	1,986,885	\$	(7,047,247)	
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		132,124		-		5,659		(126,465)	
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		366,668		-		109,333		(257,335)	
21	Instructional Leadership		365,861		-		106,155		(259,706)	
23	School Leadership		983,251		-		50,824		(932,427)	
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,443,199		24,443		950,202		(468,554)	
32	Social Work Services		730		-		-		(730)	
33	Health Services		149,957		-		9,255		(140,702)	
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		608,330		-		27,964		(580,366)	
35	Food Services		828,863		92,495		652,792		(83,576)	
36	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities		687,577		77,659		21,999		(587,919)	
41	General Administration		664,925		-		65,619		(599,306)	
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,771,215		800		31,134		(1,739,281)	
52	Security and Monitoring Services		99,907		-		4,372		(95,535)	
53	Data Processing		433,082		-		8,446		(424,636)	
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,300,112		-		564,382		(735,730)	
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		157,465		-		-		(157,465)	
81	Capital Outlay		221,250		-		1,075		(220,175)	
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		171,929		-		833		(171,096)	
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		132,326						(132,326)	
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,312,100	\$	954,594	\$	4,596,929	\$	(14,760,577)	
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	20,312,100	\$	954,594	\$	4,596,929	\$	(14,760,577)	
		Gene	eral Revenues:							
MT		Pro	perty Taxes, Levi	ed for C	Seneral Purpose			\$	4,731,023	
DT			perty Taxes, Levi		•				1,525,965	
ΙE			stment Earning						27,638	
GC		Gra	nt and Contribut	ions No	t Restricted to Sp	ecific	Programs		8,755,625	
MI		Mis		20,012						
TR		Tota	al General Rever	nues				\$	15,060,263	
CN		Cha	ange in Net Posi	tion				\$	299,686	
NB		Net F	Position - Beginn	ing (Ju	ly 1)				865,407	
NE		Net F	Position - Ending	(June	30)			\$	1,165,093	

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

Data			10		50 Debt		Other		98 Total
Control			General		Service		Governmental		overnmental
Codes			Fund		Fund	00	Fund	0	Funds
00000	=		T dila		T dild		T dild		T dildo
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	1,896,997	\$	2,003,691	\$	895,312	\$	4,796,000
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		501,372		175,164		_		676,536
1240	Due from Other Governments		3,505,022		160,116		631,959		4,297,097
1260	Due from Other Funds		1,212,490		-		-		1,212,490
1290	Other Receivables		42,193		-		52		42,245
1300	Inventories		10,877		-		32,892		43,769
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		2,797		_		1,705		4,502
	·								
1000	Total Assets		7,171,748		2,338,971		1,561,920	\$	11,072,639
	LIABILITIES								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	89,177	\$	-	\$	28,656	\$	117,833
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable		1,150		-		-		1,150
2140	Interest Payable		-		29,527		-		29,527
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		68,956		-		29,337		98,293
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		900,968		-		337,909		1,238,877
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		1,145,000		67,490		1,212,490
2300	Unearned Revenues	_		_			23,016		23,016
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	1,060,251	\$	1,174,527	\$	486,408	\$	2,721,186
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	501,372	\$	175,164	\$		\$	676,536
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3410	Inventories	\$	10,877	\$	-	\$	12,337	\$	23,214
3430	Prepaid Items		2,797		-		-		2,797
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		-		-		(12,337)		(12,337)
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations		179,506		-		-		179,506
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		989,280		-		989,280
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balances		1,925		-		1,041,759		1,043,684
	Commited Fund Balances:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balances		-		-		33,753		33,753
3600	Unassigned		5,415,020				-		5,415,020
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	5,610,125	\$	989,280	\$	1,075,512	\$	7,674,917
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
4000	Resources and Fund Balances	_\$	7,171,748		2,338,971		1,561,920	\$	11,072,639

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds) 7.674.917 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. 25,191,325 Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 676,536 Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (24,425,000) (4,499,169)Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (380,955)Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. 37,546 1,056,561 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. (4,025,018) Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. (271,682)Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. 1,381,188 Bond Premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds. (1,251,156) Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position 1,165,093

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Data		10		50 Debt		Other		98 Total	
Control Codes	_		General Fund		Service Fund		Governmental Funds		vernmental Funds
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,816,421	\$	1,525,135	\$	935,108	\$	7,276,664
5800	State Program Revenues		9,288,907		564,382		221,447		10,074,736
5900	Federal Program Revenues		161,290		-		2,979,220		3,140,510
5020	Total Revenues	\$	14,266,618	\$	2,089,517	\$	4,135,775	\$	20,491,910
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction	\$	6,690,372	\$	-	\$	1,710,177	\$	8,400,549
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		119,272		-		<u>-</u>		119,272
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		261,245		-		94,040		355,285
0021	Instructional Leadership		12,607		-		344,838		357,445
0023	School Leadership		941,596		-		1 116 277		941,596
0031 0033	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Health Services		277,643 143,576		-		1,116,277		1,393,920 143,576
0033	Student (Pupil) Transportation		551,119		-		-		551,119
0035	Food Services		-		-		790,139		790,139
0036	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities		610,885		_		49,770		660,655
0041	General Administration		617,427		_		34,589		652,016
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,723,237		-		27,058		1,750,295
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		83,216		-		5,727		88,943
0053	Data Processing Services		430,481		-		-		430,481
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		278,728		945,000		-		1,223,728
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		180,518		1,065,379		-		1,245,897
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		-		157,465		-		157,465
0081	Capital Outlay		2,212,834		-		-		2,212,834
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		171,929		-		-		171,929
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		132,326	-					132,326
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	15,439,011	\$	2,167,844	\$	4,172,615	\$	21,779,470
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
	Expenditures	\$	(1,172,393)	\$	(78,327)	_\$_	(36,840)	\$	(1,287,560)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	\$	-	\$	9,390,000	\$	-	\$	9,390,000
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property		19,525		-		-		19,525
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases		53,511		-		-		53,511
7915	Transfers In		-		-		43,418		43,418
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		588,303		-		588,303
8911	Transfers Out		(43,418)		-		-		(43,418)
8949	Other Uses				(9,818,679)				(9,818,679)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	29,618	\$	159,624	\$	43,418	\$	232,660
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,142,775)	\$	81,297	\$	6,578	\$	(1,054,900)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)		6,752,900		907,983		1,068,934		8,729,817
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$	5,610,125	\$	989,280		1,075,512	\$	7,674,917

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

\$

299,686

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (1,054,900)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. 1,997,384 The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. (1,373,914)The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds. 19,525 All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. (19,525)Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. 12,138 Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 88,213 Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds. 9,811,846 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 945,000 Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 278,727 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period. (47,382)Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. (9,390,000)Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. (588,303)Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. (53,511)Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflow. 338,423 Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended and reduced NPO. 17,211 The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized. (179,205)Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds. (502,041)

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

Data							
Control		Ag	Agency				
Codes	<u>_</u>	F	unds				
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	34,203				
1290	Other Receivables		2,885				
1000	Total Assets	<u> </u>	37,088				
	LIABILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	2,133				
2190	Due to Student Groups		34,955				
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	37,088				
	NET POSITION						
3000	Total Net Position	\$	-				

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of the Commerce Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's <u>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)</u>. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net assets (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The District has chosen not to apply future FASB Standards.

3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-
Special Revenue Fund	-0-
Debt Service Fund	 -0-
Total	\$ -0-

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Accretion

Accretion is an adjustment of the difference between the price of a bond issued at an original discount and the par value of the bond. For governmental activities debt, the accreted value is recognized as it accrues by fiscal year.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are included in noncurrent assets. Unamortized premiums or discounts and refunding gains or losses are reflected in net long-term obligations. Both debt issuance costs and other debts are amortized over the lives of the related debt issues using the straight line method.

Inventories

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and maintenance items. Under this method supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

						Other	
			De	bt Service	Go	vernmental	
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Nonspendable							
Inventories	\$	10,877	\$	-	\$	12,337	\$ 23,214
Prepaids		2,797		-		=	2,797
Restricted							
Child Nutrition Program		-		-		(12,337)	(12,337)
NETCAT SSA		-		-		77,227	77,227
Special Education SSA		-		-		845,840	845,840
Retirement of Long Term Debt		-		989,280		-	989,280
Scholarship Fund		-		-		118,692	118,692
Capital Projects		179,506		-		-	179,506
Other		1,925		-		-	1,925
Committed							
Campus Activity Funds		-		-		33,753	33,753
Unassigned		5,415,020					5,415,020
Totals	\$	5,610,125	\$	989,280	\$	1,075,512	\$ 7,674,917

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. To the extent practical, this change in accounting principle is required to be reported as an adjustment to prior periods.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

9. Vacation, Sick Leave and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is paid.

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and addition to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments</u>

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At June 30, 2017, all District cash deposits appear to have been covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the name of the District. Deposits appear to have been secured throughout the year.

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to have been in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act.

State statutes and local policy authorize the District to invest in the following types of investment goods:

- a. obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities,
- b. obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies,
- c. obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or State of Texas or their agencies or instrumentalities,
- d. obligations of other states, agencies or political subdivisions having a national investment rating of "A" or greater,
- e. guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, or
- f. fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

District investments include investments in TexPool, an external investment pool. All TexPool investments are reported at share price (fair value) and are presented as cash and investments.

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments.

The Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, (Trust Company), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. (Federated), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company.

The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy and approves any fee increases. As required by the Public Funds Investment Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. This rating as well as the operational policies and procedures allow the fund to comply with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

The Lone Star Investment Pool is an investment pool available to governmental entities. The pool was established under the guidance of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. A board of directors made up of members of the pool is responsible for the overall operation of the pool. The Board has employed various third party organizations to assist in the operations. These third parties are as follows: American Beacon Advisors and BNY Mellon Cash Investment Strategies – Investment Managers, RBC Wealth Management – Investment Consultant, Bank of New York Mellon – Custodian, First Public – Administration. In combination with these third party organizations, the pool has received a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. This rating allows the pool to meet the standards required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)</u>

The following table identifies the District's investment at year end:

	Credit Risk Rating	Fair Value
LoneStar Guaranty Bond Bank – Certificate of Deposits	AAAm N/A	\$ 114,271 144,311
Total		\$ 258,582

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined cash balances on the date of highest balance:

- a. Name of bank: Guaranty Bond Bank, Commerce, Texas.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$6,884,052.
- Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balances amounted to \$6,651,331, and occurred during the month of February 2017.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 636,376.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting this criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 1.17 to fund general operations and \$ 0.3736 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 404,081,645.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	ı	ncreases	D	ecreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 312,850	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 312,850
Construction in Progress	 2,992,526		1,508,521		116,876	4,384,171
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 3,305,376	\$	1,508,521	\$	116,876	\$ 4,697,021
Capital Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 41,846,360 1,241,681 1,995,308	\$	400,917 199,022 5,800	\$	- - -	\$ 42,247,277 1,440,703 2,001,108
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$ 45,083,349	\$	605,739	\$	-	\$ 45,689,088
Less Accumulated Depreciation for : Buildings and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 21,017,944 1,114,719 1,688,207	\$	1,285,834 25,331 62,749	\$	- - -	\$ 22,303,778 1,140,050 1,750,956
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$ 23,820,870 21,262,479	\$	1,373,914 (768,175)	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$ 25,194,784 20,494,304
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 24,567,855	\$	740,346	\$	116,876	\$ 25,191,325

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,209,475
Instructional Resources and Media Services	8,898
Curriculum and Staff Development	730
Instructional Leadership	730
School Leadership	16,748
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,788
Social Work Services	730
Health Services	3,012
Student (Pupil) Transportation	48,796
Food Services	29,830
Co-Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	18,673
General Administration	4,439
Plant Maintenance and Operations	20,170
Security and Monitoring Services	9,895
Totals	\$ 1,373,914

E. Long Term Obligations

Long Term Obligation Activity

Long term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases Payable Unamortized Premium (Discount)	\$ 25,580,000 4,724,384 662,853	\$ 9,390,000 53,511 588,303	\$ 10,545,000 278,727 37,546	\$ 24,425,000 4,499,168 1,213,610	\$ 1,090,000 206,648 -
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 30,967,237	\$ 10,031,814	\$ 10,861,273	\$ 30,137,778	\$ 1,296,648

Bonds

The District issued "Commerce Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017," totaling \$ 9,390,000 to be used to refund maturities of the following outstanding Series:

Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

The bonds totaling \$ 9,390,000 are dated April 15, 2017 and were issued May 18, 2017. The proceeds including premium less issuance costs were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the refunded debt. The refunding meets the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the debt has been removed from the District's long term debt. The maturities of refunded debt will be refunded on the call date of August 15, 2017.

As a result of the refunding, the District decreased its debt service requirements by \$ 2,166,221. The refunding was authorized to reduce debt requirements on previously issued debt. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the old and new debt) of \$ 1,711,690.

E. <u>Long Term Obligations (Continued)</u>

The following issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Obligations Outstanding
Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	4.0 - 4.7% 1.5 - 3.5% 1.5 - 3.5%	\$ 26,268,397 2,425,000 2,425,000 9,390,000	\$ 4,520,000 1,705,000 8,810,000 9,390,000
Total			\$ 24,425,000

Debt service requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending				Total
June 30	 Principal	Interest	F	Requirements
2018	\$ 1,090,000	\$ 856,949	\$	1,946,949
2019	1,035,000	866,791		1,901,791
2020	1,075,000	821,999		1,896,999
2021	1,125,000	773,556		1,898,556
2022	1,175,000	721,136		1,896,136
2023-2027	6,665,000	2,809,638		9,474,638
2028-2032	5,880,000	1,557,976		7,437,976
2033-2037	5,225,000	644,435		5,869,435
2038	 1,155,000	19,383		1,174,383
Totals	\$ 24,425,000	\$ 9,071,863	\$	33,496,863

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of June 30, 2017.

Capital Leases

The District is obligated under certain leases accounted for as capital leases. The leases recorded here meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

The District executed multiple agreements under Texas Education Code Section 45.108 to provide funds for facility improvements and upgrades as follows:

Apple Finance Services for computer equipment in the amount of \$81,960. The lease requires annual payments of \$28,449 with interest imputed 4.11%. The lease will mature July 2019.

E. <u>Long Term Obligations (Continued)</u>

The following schedule lists personal property leased:

	Implicit Interest Date of		Orig	inal Property
Description	Rate	Agreement		Value
Cypress Bank, FSB - BB/SB Scoreboard	4.15%	7/21/2010	\$	41,230
Cypress Bank, FSB - Ag Truck	2.25%	1/10/2014		36,700
Cypress Bank, Kubota Tractor	2.75%	8/17/2015		37,150
Cypress Bank, Scissor Lift	2.50%	8/17/2015		6,500
Government Capital, Electric Retrofit 7227	4.07%	11/16/2015		1,500,000
Government Capital, Electric Retrofit 7300	4.17%	11/16/2015		3,060,426
Apple Financing Services - Computers	4.11%	7/1/2016		81,960
Totals			\$	4,763,966

The lease terms are for various years not exceeding twenty years. The terms call for annual payments over the life of the lease.

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of year end, are as follows:

Year Ending	Total			
June 30	Re	equirements		
2018	\$	392,336		
2019		380,032		
2020		351,583		
2021		338,737		
2022		338,737		
Thereafter		4,742,319		
Total Minimum Lease Payment	\$	6,543,744		
Less Amount Representing Interest		(2,044,576)		
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	4,499,168		

F. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

2. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

3. Contributions

Constitution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employees contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

			2016	2017	
Mem	ber		7.2%	7.7%	_
Non-l	Employer Co	ontributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%	
Empl	oyers		6.8%	6.8%	
	2017	Employer Contributions	\$	355,634	
	2017	Member Contributions	\$	785,001	
	2016	NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$	460,415	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$4,025,018 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 4,025,018
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	5,465,058
Total	\$ 9,490,076

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2015 thru August 31, 2016.

At August 31, 2016 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0106514% which was a decrease of 0.0005219% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2015.

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 567,143 and revenue of \$ 567,143 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2017 the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differents between the employer's	\$ 63,112 122,675 340,831	\$	120,185 111,568 -	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 552,578		39,929	
Total as of August 31, 2016 measurement date	\$ 1,079,196	\$	271,682	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 301,992			
Total	\$ 1,381,188	\$	271,682	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ending

June 30	Amount		
2018	\$	137,365	
2019		137,365	
2020		354,763	
2021		120,661	
2022		58,109	
Thereafter		(751)	

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 8.00%
Long-Term Expected Investment Rate of Return 8.00%
Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Including Inflation 3.50% to 9.50%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.50%
Benefit Changes During the Year None
Ad hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four year period ended August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimates ranges future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2016 are summarized on the next page:

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

		Long-Term Expected	Expected Contribution to
Assaul Olean	Target	Geometric Real	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Portfolio Returns *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

^{*} The expected contribution to returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between artithmetic and geometric mean returns.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (7%) or 1 – percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in		
	Dis	count Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Discount Rate			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,229,372	\$	4,025,018	\$	2,155,280		

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2016 and 2015.

Net Pension Liability		August 31, 2016	August 31, 2015		
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability	\$	171,797,150,487 (134,008,637,473) 37,788,513,014	\$	163,887,375,172 (128,538,706,212) 35,348,668,960	
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		78.00%		78.43%	

G. School District Retiree Health Plan

1. Plan Description

The Commerce School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at www.trs.texas.gov under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

2. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203 and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employees contributed amounts to the plan during the year. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapters 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2016-2014.

Contribution Rates

Year	Active Member	State	District
2017	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%
2016	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%
2015	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%

G. School District Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

3. On Behalf Payments

In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," on-behalf payments (payments made by the State) of \$ 73,006 are reflected in the basic financial statements for Retiree Health Plan contributions. Additionally, the District benefited from payments made by the State totaling \$ 51,322 for subsidies for Medicare Part D and participation in the Early Retirement Reinsurance Program.

H. Risk Management

Health Care

During the year, employees of the Commerce Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 250 per month per employee and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan.

All premiums were paid to a TRS Activecare (Aetna). The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Commerce Independent School District and TRS Activecare (Aetna) is renewable September 1 of each year, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the year ended December 31, 2016, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2016, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2017 fiscal period, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal period, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal periods.

I. <u>Litigation</u>

The District does not appear to be involved in any litigation as of June 30, 2017.

J. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2017, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

K. <u>Shared Services Arrangements</u>

Shared Services Arrangement – Fiscal Agent The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in a special revenue fund and will be accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Tri County Special Education SSA – (Special Education Program)

Member Districts	County District Number	Fund 313 IDEA-B Formula		Fund 314 IDEA-B Preschool	Fund 437 Tri County Sp Ed Coop
Bland ISD	116915	\$ 114,776	\$	2,577	\$ 64,145
Boles ISD	116916	112,805		655	55,954
Caddo Mills ISD	116901	266,668		1,957	195,655
Campbell ISD	116910	80,246		982	22,599
Celeste ISD	116902	88,844		655	75,384
Commerce ISD	116903	344,373		2,282	170,998
Cooper ISD	060902	177,844		4,190	90,817
Cumby ISD	112905	76,761		1,303	60,967
Lone Oak ISD	116906	 173,497		982	124,715
Totals		\$ 1,435,814	\$	15,583	\$ 861,234

NetCAT SSA – (Career and Tech Programs)

Member Districts	County District Number	Fund 331 Voc Ed Basic Grant	Fund 458 NetCAT Voc Coop
Bland ISD	116910	\$ 8,609	\$ 1,288
Boles ISD	116915	2,404	1,437
Caddo Mills ISD	112905	15,626	2,625
Campbell ISD	116909	4,103	842
Celeste ISD	116901	8,434	1,288
Commerce ISD	116903	25,632	2,625
Cooper ISD	060902	10,396	1,585
Cumby ISD	091918	5,852	1,140
Fannindel ISD	060914	3,530	695
Leonard ISD	074909	7,484	1,883
Lone Oak ISD	116902	8,420	1,733
Wolfe City ISD	116906	 6,009	1,288
Totals		\$ 106,499	\$ 18,429

L. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources consisting of the following:

			Debt		Other	
	 General Service		Service	Governmental		Total
Property Tax Collections	\$ 4,729,408	\$	1,515,443	\$	-	\$ 6,244,851
Shared Service Fees	-		-		781,210	781,210
Investment Income	9,944		9,692		8,003	27,639
Food Service Income	-		-		92,496	92,496
Gifts and Bequests	48,193		-		900	49,093
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	25,159		-		52,499	77,658
Other	 3,717		-		-	3,717
Total	\$ 4,816,421	\$	1,525,135	\$	935,108	\$ 7,276,664

M. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate non-major funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	 General	Debt Service	Go	Other overnmental	Total
Due from Other Governments	\$ 3,505,022	\$ 160,116	\$	631,959	\$ 4,297,097
Property Taxes	557,080	194,627		-	751,707
Less Allow ance for Uncollectible					
Property Taxes	(55,708)	(19,463)		-	(75,171)
Miscellaneous Other Receivables	 42,193	-		52	42,245
Net Receivables	\$ 4,048,587	\$ 335,280	\$	632,011	\$ 5,015,878

N. <u>Interfund Activities</u>

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of year end, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund General Fund	Debt Service Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$ 1,145,000 67,490
Totals		\$ 1,212,490

Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds consisted of the following during the year:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount		Reason		
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$	43,418	Annual Deficit		

O. Subsequent Events

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through November 8, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available for use.

P. Compliance, Stewardship, and Accountability

Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations at functional expenditure levels:

	Budget		Actual	Excess
General Fund:				
Curriculum and Staff Development	\$ 252,121	\$	261,245	\$ 9,124
Student (Pupil) Transportation	550,559		551,119	560
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	531,855		610,885	79,030
Capital Outlay	907,628		2,212,834	1,305,206
Payment to Fiscal Agent	162,577		171,929	9,352
Debt Service Fund:				
Debt Service	2,011,878		2,167,844	155,966

Q. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciliating the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settleup with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property taxes collections and valuations, and special population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are required but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	Available		Foundation		IFA		EDA	
Current Year Earnings (SOF) Prior Years Settle Up	\$	585,437	\$	7,994,416 171,322	\$	134,550 2,899	\$	372,545 54,388
Financial Statement Earnings	\$	585,437	\$	8,165,738	\$	137,449	\$	426,933
Financial Statement Amounts SOF Receivable (Overpayment) Scheduled Payments		- 118,884		1,532,377 1,853,761		32,728		127,388

^{*} Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

R. Change in Accounting Principles

In fiscal year 2017, the District adopted the following new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools on Pool Participants
 The Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. If external investment pools account for their investments using amortized cost values, member participants must report their investment in the pools at amortized cost.
- Statement 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units

 The Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not for profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole member.
- Statement 82, Pension Issues an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 72

 The Statement was issued to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 72. The Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll related measures is required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumption and the treatment of deviation from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1

2 3 4

Data Contro		1 Budgeted Original	2 Amounts Final	3 Actual	4 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Codes		Oliginal	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$ 4,854,739 9,328,551 50,000 \$ 14,233,290	\$ 4,854,739 9,328,551 93,500 \$ 14,276,790	\$ 4,816,421 9,288,907 161,290 \$ 14,266,618	\$ (38,318) (39,644) 67,790 \$ (10,172)
3020		φ 14,233,290	\$ 14,270,790	\$ 14,200,018	\$ (10,172)
0011 0012 0013	EXPENDITURES Instruction and Instructional Related Services: Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$ 7,191,315 156,273 252,121 \$ 7,599,709	\$ 7,190,415 156,273 252,121 \$ 7,598,809	\$ 6,690,372 119,272 261,245 \$ 7,070,889	\$ 500,043 37,001 (9,124) \$ 527,920
0021 0023	Instructional and School Leadership: Instructional Leadership School Leadership Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$ 5,150 945,779 \$ 950,929	\$ 18,835 945,779 \$ 964,614	\$ 12,607 941,596 \$ 954,203	\$ 6,228 4,183 \$ 10,411
0031 0032 0033 0034 0036	Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Social Work Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 367,216 49,565 166,101 522,303 516,274 \$ 1,621,459	\$ 295,113 49,565 166,101 550,559 531,855 \$ 1,593,193	\$ 277,643 	\$ 17,470 49,565 22,525 (560) (79,030) \$ 9,970
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration Total Administrative Support Services	\$ 620,568 \$ 620,568	\$ 620,568 \$ 620,568	\$ 617,427 \$ 617,427	\$ 3,141 \$ 3,141
0051 0052 0053	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$ 1,733,103 102,558 438,688 \$ 2,274,349	\$ 1,772,103 102,558 438,688 \$ 2,313,349	\$ 1,723,237 83,216 430,481 \$ 2,236,934	\$ 48,866 19,342 8,207 \$ 76,415
0071 0072	Debt Service: Principal on Long-term Debt Interest on Long-term Debt Total Debt Service	\$ 283,707 179,516 \$ 463,223	\$ 312,713 179,516 \$ 492,229	\$ 278,728 180,518 \$ 459,246	\$ 33,985 (1,002) \$ 32,983
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay Total Capital Outlay	\$ 409,976 \$ 409,976	\$ 907,628 \$ 907,628	\$ 2,212,834 \$ 2,212,834	\$ (1,305,206) \$ (1,305,206)
0093 0099	Intergovernmental Changes: Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist SSA Other Intergovernmental Charges Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 152,077 141,000 \$ 293,077	\$ 162,577 141,000 \$ 303,577	\$ 171,929 132,326 \$ 304,255	\$ (9,352) 8,674 \$ (678)
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 14,233,290	\$ 14,793,967	\$ 15,439,011	\$ (645,044)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (517,177)	\$ (1,172,393)	\$ (655,216)
7912 7913 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Real or Personal Property Issuance of Capital Leases Transfers Out	\$ - - -	\$ 19,525 81,960	\$ 19,525 53,511 (43,418)	\$ - (28,449) (43,418)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$ 101,485	\$ 29,618	\$ (71,867)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (415,692)	\$ (1,142,775)	\$ (727,083)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	6,752,900	6,752,900	6,752,900	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 6,752,900	\$ 6,337,208	\$ 5,610,125	\$ (727,083)

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 2016	 2015	 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0106514%	0.0111733%	0.0082595%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,025,018	\$ 3,949,613	\$ 2,206,227
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 5,465,058	 5,287,441	 4,796,195
Total	\$ 9,490,076	\$ 9,237,054	\$ 7,002,422
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 9,702,350	\$ 9,492,432	\$ 8,037,017
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	41.48%	41.61%	27.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only three years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	355,634	\$	337,155	\$	312,566
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions		(355,634)		(337,155)		(312,566)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
District's covered employee payrell	¢	10,297,025	ø	0 605 201	¢	0.512.201
District's covered employee payroll	\$	10,297,025	Ф	9,695,291	\$	9,513,291
Contributions as a percentage of covered		3.45%		3.48%		3.29%
employee payroll						

Note: Only three years of date is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions

No changes in assumptions were made that affected the measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1	2	3	10	20	31	32	40	50
Tax		Tax R	ates	Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current			Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Periods Ende	ed	Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
Year	June 30	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	7/1/2016	Total Levy	Tax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	6/30/2017
XXXX	2008 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 139,634	\$	- \$ 8,944	\$ 1,450	\$ (6,041)	\$ 123,199
2008	2009	1.040000	0.368200	474,576,971	24,485		- 952	337	(2,113)	21,083
2009	2010	1.040000	0.387200	460,208,305	26,684		- 1,107	412	(2,217)	22,948
2010	2011	1.170000	0.425100	425,231,429	35,399		- 1,727	627	(3,179)	29,866
2011	2012	1.170000	0.426500	421,283,515	41,117		- 2,426	884	(2,583)	35,224
2012	2013	1.170000	0.413400	425,427,128	52,689		- 4,079	1,441	(2,386)	44,783
2013	2014	1.170000	0.421400	419,188,073	68,852	-	10,927	3,936	(2,466)	51,523
2014	2015	1.170000	0.453500	402,067,244	99,076	-	23,191	8,989	(372)	66,524
2015	2016	1.170000	0.435700	387,584,862	250,284	-	90,171	33,579	(34,448)	92,086
2016	2017	1.170000	0.373600	404,081,645		6,237,404	4,500,590	1,437,115	(35,228)	264,471
1000	TOTALS			=	\$ 738,220	\$ 6,237,404	\$ 4,644,114	\$ 1,488,770	\$ (91,033)	\$ 751,707

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1			2		3		4
								Var	ance with
Data									al Budget
Contro			Budgeted A	Amou					Positive
Codes		Origi	inal		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 11	1,992	\$	111,992	\$	93,929	\$	(18,063)
5800	State Program Revenues	•	4,200	Ť	4,200	,	6,171	•	1,971
5900	Federal Program Revenues		96,539		696,539		646,621		(49,918)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 81	2,731	\$	812,731	_\$_	746,721	\$	(66,010)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Service	\$ 80	2,665	\$	802,665	\$	790,139	\$	12,526
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 80	02,665	\$	802,665	\$	790,139	\$	12,526
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 80	02,665	\$	802,665	\$	790,139	\$	12,526
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 1	0,066	\$	10,066	\$	(43,418)	\$	(53,484)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
7915	Transfers In	\$		\$		\$	43,418	\$	43,418
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	43,418	\$	43,418
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1	0,066	\$	10,066	\$	-	\$	(10,066)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)								
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 1	0,066	\$	10,066	\$		\$	(10,066)

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1	2	3	
					Variance with
Data					Final Budget
Contro	ol	Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,474,783	\$ 1,474,783	\$ 1,525,135	\$ 50,352
5800	State Program Revenues	537,095	537,095	564,382	27,287
0000	Clate i Togram November			001,002	21,201
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,089,517	\$ 77,639
	EXPENDITURES				
	Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 945,000	\$ 945,000	\$ 945,000	\$ -
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	1,065,378	1,065,378	1,065,379	(1)
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	1,500	1,500	157,465	(155,965)
	Total Debt Service	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,167,844	\$ (155,966)
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,011,878	\$ 2,167,844	\$ (155,966)
1100	Excess (Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (78,327)	\$ (78,327)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,390,000	\$ 9,390,000
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	588,303	588,303
8949	Other Uses	- _		(9,818,679)	(9,818,679)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159,624	\$ 159,624
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,297	\$ 81,297
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	907,983	907,983	907,983	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 907,983	\$ 907,983	\$ 989,280	\$ 81,297

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

Data Control Codes		<u>Re</u>	esponse
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other Sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt Agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the annual Financial Report on the Financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material Weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance For local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more Than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial Statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	4,025,018
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal CFDA Number	(02A) Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Ind	(03) spenditures, direct Costs and Refunds
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through Greenville Independent School District:				
Head Start	93.600	87CH6997/17	\$	137,702
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	137,702
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:				
Summer School LEP ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs IDEA-B Formula (A) * Career & Technology - Basic Grant IDEA-B Preschool (A) * ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training	84.369 84.010 84.027 84.048 84.173 84.367	69551602 17610101116903 176600011169036600 17420006116903 176610011169036610 17694501116903	\$	2,330 497,690 1,435,814 106,499 15,583 64,039
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			\$	2,121,955
Passed through the Education Service Center, Region X:				
ESEA Title III Part A - LEP ESEA Title III Part A - LEP	84.365 84.365	17671001057950 16671001057950	\$	11,615 338
Total passed through the Education Service Center, Region X			\$	11,953
Total Department of Education			\$	2,133,908
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:				
School Breakfast Program (B) National School Lunch Program (B) Commodity Food Distribution	10.553 10.555 10.565	0600 0600 116005A	\$	201,749 390,501 54,371
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	646,621
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	2,918,231

^{*} Indicates Major Program A - Special Education Cluster

B - Child Nutrition Cluster

.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Commerce Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

B. <u>Food Distribution</u>

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at June 30, 2017.

C. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 2,918,231
Indirect Cost IDEA-B Formula (84.027) ESEA Title II, Part A (84.010)	26,767 9,650
ESEA Title II, Part A (84.367) Carl Perkins Vocational Education (84.048)	1,333 2,216
School Health and Resource	120,175
E-Rate Reimbursements	 62,138
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 3,140,510